# Canadian Constitution

Socials 10

Constitution – A set of RULES established to define the functioning of government.

These rules establish the legal STRUCTURE, PROCEDURES, POWER, and DUTY of government.

The Canadian constitution is WRITTEN and UNWRITTEN.

The central principles of our constitution are PEACE, ORDER, GOOD GOVERNMENT, and the RULE OF LAW.

Canada's original constitution was the BRITISH NORTH AMERICA (BNA) ACT, which created the Dominion of Canada in 1867.

Our PARLIAMENTARY style of government and the powers of the FEDERAL and PROVINICAL governments are outlined in the British North America (BNA) Act of 1867.

The BILL OF RIGHTS (1960) outlined the rights of all citizens. But since it was not part of the constitution, it could be changed at any time by the FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

The CONSTITUTION ACT (1982) allowed to the constitution to be changed in Canada through an AMENDING FORMULA, and provided the provinces a NOTWITHSTANDING CLAUSE.

The CHARTER OF RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS (1982) guarantees basic rights and freedoms for all Canadians. This provides protection from the government.

Our written constitution now contains . . .

A description of the powers of the FEDERAL and PROVINCAL government.

A Charter of Rights and Freedoms, which contains the NOTWITHSTANDING FORMULA.

An AMENDING FORMULA allowing for changes to the constitution.